

Cambridge International Examinations Cambridge International General Certificate of Secondary Education

COMBINED SCIENCE

0653/21 October/November 2016

Paper 2 Core Theory MARK SCHEME Maximum Mark: 80

Published

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[Turn over

Ρ	age 2	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0653	21
1	(a) (i)	light/radiation (energy) ; kinetic (energy) ;		[2]
	(ii)	(average) speed = distance/time OR 900/12 ; 75(cm/s) ;		[2]
	(iii)	any two from: volume/s = cross-sectional area \times speed / volume = length \times cross-area ; 75 \times 10 ; \times 60 (s) seen ;	sectional	
		and 45 000 cm ³ ;		[3]
		d energy/hydro-power/AVA ; e to turn a turbine (wind or water);		[2]
2	(a) (i)	electron ; proton ;		[2]
	(ii)	23 ;		[1]
	(b) (i)	electron loss ; <u>one</u> (electron lost) ;		[2]
	(ii)	oxidation		[1]
	(iii)	exothermic		[1]
	(iv)	Na₂O ;		[1]
	(c) (i)	increases ;		[1]
	(ii)	decreases ;		[1]

Pa	age (3	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
			Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0653	21
3	(a)	(i)	oxygen ; suitable temperature ;		[2]
		(ii)	geotropism ;		[1]
	(b)		edlings get maximum amount of/more light ; photosynthesis ;		[2]
	(c)	(i)	xylem ;		[1]
		(ii)	no leaves present ; therefore no transpiration ;		[2]
		(iii)	any two from: more humid ; lower temperature ; darker ;		[2]
4	(a)	(i)	evaporation ;		[1]
		(ii)	infra-red ;		[1]
		(iii)	(thermal energy from Sun) causes water molecules to move faster more kinetic energy ;	/gain	
			(more) molecules moving fast enough/have enough energy to esca (surface) ;	аре	[2]
		(iv)	10+ more molecules drawn touching below water level ; in random arrangement ;		[2]

(b)

ray from Sun reflected at surface to eye ; angles of incidence and reflection look equal (by eye) **and** (at least) one arrow ; [2]

Page 4	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
	Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0653	21
(c) (i	Second diverging ray refracted to eye ;		[1]
(ii	rays to eye projected back and converge and image drawn ;		[1]
(d) m	icrowaves ;		[1]
5 (a) (i	fractional distillation ;		[1]
(ii	<pre>refinery gas / (bottled gas) gasoline / (petrol) (kerosine) gas oil / (oil) (fuel oil) (bitumen) ;; three correct is 2 marks, one or two correct is 1 mark</pre>		[2]
(iii			
	fuel product		
	cooking		
	diesel engines gas oil		

heating

petrol engines

1 mark for each correct ;;;

gasoline

refinery gas

Pa	age 5	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0653	21
	(b) (i)	C=C double bond and all four C–H bonds correct ;		[1]
	(ii)	carbon dioxide / CO_2 ;		[1]
	(iii)	test: cobalt chloride (paper) ; result: (blue to) pink ; or		
		test: copper sulfate ; result: (white/anhydrous to) blue ;		[2]
6	(a) (i)	vitamins/named vitamin ; prevent diseases/named disease/role of named vitamin ;		[2]
	(ii)	respiration;		[1]
	(iii)	carbohydrates, fat and protein ;; all correct is 2 marks, two correct is 1 mark		[2]
	(iv)	fruit/vegetables/correctly named fruit or vegetable ;		[1]
7	gre glol (a) elec	thane ; enhouse ; pal warming ; ctrons ;		[4]
	Sla	ys the same ;		[2]
	(b) (i)	variable resistor ;		[1]
	(ii)	increase/decrease the resistance ; decreases/increases the speed ;		[2]
	(iii)	correct circuit symbol connected across motor only ;		[1]
8		ton ; tallic and non-metallic ; n and high ;		[3]
	(b) (i)	iron calcium magnesium ;; 3 correct is 2 marks, 2 correct is 1 mark		[2]
	(ii)	magnesium oxide/magnesium carbonate / magnesium hydrogen carbonate/magnesium hydroxide /magnesium sulfide or correct formula ;		[1]

P	age 6	Mark Scheme	Syllabus	Paper
		Cambridge IGCSE – October/November 2016	0653	21
	(c)	chlorine / Cl_2 ;		[1]
9	(a)	ovary correctly labelled ; oviduct correctly labelled ;		[2]
	(b)	(i) attaches to the wall ; of the uterus ;		[2]
		(ii) rich blood supply/good source of nutrients/suitable temperature ;		[1]
	(c)	Any two from sexual intercourse sharing needles blood transfusions		
		(from mother to baby) at birth (from mother to baby) during breast feeding avp ;;		[2]